

The Gazette



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NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1949

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published during the week ending the 8th November 1949 :—

S. No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
1	No. I(44), dated the 19th September 1949	Ministry of Rehabilitation	List of evacuee property situated in the Province of Delhi.
2	No. SV-105(1)/50, dated the 3rd November 1949.	Ministry of Agriculture	Delegation to certain Provincial Governments and Chief Commissioners of certain powers conferred by clause 3 of Sugar Stocks (Control) Order, 1949.
	No. SV-105(1)/50, dated the 3rd November 1949.	Ditto	Sugar Stocks (Control) Order, 1949.
3	No. II(55-E)/49-N-3, dated the 1st November 1949.	Ministry of Rehabilitation	Delegation of powers to an Assistant Sub-Inspector and a Head Constable of Police in the Province of East Punjab and an Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police in the rest of India under Notification No. II (55-E)/49-N & I, dated the 29th January 1949.
4	No. CG.604(32)/49, dated the 4th November 1949.	Ministry of Food	Delegation to the Chief Commissioner of Rampur of certain powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 3 issued by the Ministry of States under Notification No. 177 (E)-J, dated the 31st July 1949.
5	No. 58 TPC(1)/49, dated the 4th November 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	Amendment in the Oil seeds (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order, 1943.
	No. 58 TPC(1)/49, dated the 4th November 1949.	Ditto	The Cotton Seed (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order, 1949.
6	No. E3(256), dated the 4th November 1949.	Ministry of Works, Mines and Power	Sudden death of Mr. T. P. Gateley, Superintending Engineer, Central Electrical Circle, Central Public Works Department.
7	No. 309(17)-Tea/49, dated the 5th November 1949.	Ministry of Commerce	Rupee one and annas ten per hundred pounds will be the rate of Cess to be levied and collected on all tea exported outside India.
8	No. F.4(196)-FI/49, dated the 8th November 1949.	Ministry of Finance	Appointment of a Committee for the extension of banking facilities in rural areas.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

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PART I—Section 1

Government of India Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations and Orders and Resolutions (other than the Ministry of Defence)

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA

New Delhi, the 8th November 1949

No. OA/8/Ser./49.—Mr. Hyder Husein has been duly elected as a representative of the United Provinces in the Constituent Assembly of India *vice* Mr. Z. H. Lari, resigned.

S. N. MUKERJEE, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 28th October 1949

No. 405-H&G.—The following draft of certain further amendments to Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1938, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 213 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th December 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules—

(1) To sub-rule (1) of rule 118 the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that in the case of ships which enter the pilgrim trade for the first time on or after the 1st December 1949, the proportion of latrine seats to the total number of pilgrims shall be not less than 4 for the first 100 and 4 for every additional 100 or fraction of that number in excess of 100.”

(2) In sub-rule (4) of rule 118, after the word “door” the words “consisting of two shutters” shall be inserted and to the said sub-rule the following proviso shall be added, namely,

“Provided that in the case of ships which enter the pilgrim trade for the first time on or after the 1st December 1949, each compartment shall be not less than 3 feet 9 inches in length and 3 feet in width and that the door of the compartment shall consist of two shutters.”

(3) After rule 119, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“119A. (1) in the case of a ship which enters the pilgrim trade for the first time on or after the 1st December 1949, there shall be provided on the deck a ladies dressing room of the size 10 feet by 10 feet. The dressing room shall be located adjacent to the washing places reserved for women and if possible there shall be inter-communication between the washing places and the dressing room.

(2) In ships other than those referred to in sub-rule (1) the ladies dressing room shall be ‘Provided as far as possible when bunks are fitted in them.’”

HAJJ

New Delhi, the 28th October 1949

No. 406 AWT II.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1938, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 213 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th December 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In the said Rules—

(1) For the words “British India”, wherever they occur, the words “the Provinces of India” shall be substituted.

(2) The words “or Karachi”, wherever they occur, shall be omitted.

(3) In sub-rule (3) of rule 166 and in sub-rule (1) of rule 182, for the words “British Indian Port” the words “Port in the Provinces of India” shall be substituted

(4) In rule 139, the words “or, as the case may be, to Karachi”, shall be omitted.

(5) In rule 143—

(a) in sub-rule (1) the words “or Karachi, as the case may be” shall be omitted;

(b) in sub-rule (2) the words “as the case may be” shall be omitted.

(6) In sub-clause (iii) of sub-rule (8) of rule 171—

(a) for the word “Bengal”, the words “West Bengal” shall be substituted;

(b) for the word “Punjab” the words “East Punjab” shall be substituted.

(7) In sub-rule (1) of rule 182 for the words “British Consular authority”, wherever they occur, the words “Indian Consul” shall be substituted.

(8) In Form VIII of the Forms appended to the said Rules—

(i) the words and brackets “in Council (or after the establishment of the Federation, the Governor General of India)” shall be omitted, and

(ii) the stroke and the word “/Karachi” shall be omitted.

S. K. BANERJI, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 8th November 1949

No. 420-Con.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1948 (XLI of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, namely:—

1. *Short title*—These rules may be called the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Fees) Rules, 1949.

2. *Definitions*.—In these rules, “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. *Scale of fees*.—Fees for functions performed by diplomatic and Consular Officers in respect of matters specified in column 1 of Schedule I will be levied according to the scale prescribed in column 2 thereof.

4. *Power to remit fees*.—A diplomatic or a Consular Officer may remit a fee leviable under rule 3 on the ground of the destitution of the person to whom the Consular service is rendered or as a matter of professional or international courtesy and on no other ground

5. *No remuneration to be charged for Consular service*.—A diplomatic or Consul Officer shall not, save as is provided in these rules, ask for or take any fee or reward for or on account of any act, thing or service done, performed or rendered by him in the execution of his office.

6. *Collection of fees*.—All fees shall be collected by means of consular stamps, to be obtained from the Government of India Central Stamp Store and will be accounted for to the Government of India

7. *Publication of table of fees*.—(1) A copy of the table of fees prescribed in Schedule I shall be affixed and exhibited in a conspicuous place in every Consular Office and shall be open to inspection by all interested persons.

(2) A notice in large type shall also be attached to, or exhibited in close proximity to the table of fees, informing the public that the fees are levied by means of consular stamps.

8. *Maintenance of registers.*—The following registers of fees shall be maintained at each Consular Office:—

- (i) Fee Cash Book.
- (ii) Register to show details of consular service rendered, parties served and the amount of fee levied for each service.
- (iii) A register to show the supply and issue of stamps.
- (iv) A register to show an account of stamps of each denomination on hand at the end of the day's work.

9. *Submission of returns.*—Returns in the forms prescribed by Schedule II shall be submitted every quarter to the Government of India.

SCHEDULE I

(See Rule 3)

Table of Consular Fees

Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable	Rs. A. P.
PART I.—FEE TO BE TAKEN IN RESPECT OF MERCHANT SHIPPING.	
1. For every declaration taken or recorded under the Merchant Shipping Act, with a view to the registry, transfer and transmission of ships, interests in ships, or mortgages on ships	6 12 0
2. For endorsing a memorandum of change of master upon the certificate of registry, and initialling his signature on agreement with crew, if required	4 0 0
3. For granting a provisional certificate of registry (this fee to be exclusive of fees on declaration)	26 12 0
4. For recording a mortgage of ship or shares in a ship	26 12 0
5. For recording the transfer of a mortgage of ship or shares in a ship	26 12 0
6. For recording the discharge of a mortgage of a ship or shares in a ship	26 12 0
7. For every sale of a ship or shares in a ship made before a consular officer	26 12 0
8. For certified copy of extract from register book of transactions in ships, if not exceeding 100 words	3 4 0
For every subsequent 100 words	1 12 0
9. For inspection of the register book of transactions in ships kept in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act	1 12 0
10. For every seaman engaged before a consular officer	2 0 0
11. For every alteration in agreements with seamen made before a consular officer	2 0 0
12. For every seaman discharged or left behind with the sanction of a consular officer	2 0 0
13. For every desertion certified by a consular officer	2 0 0
14. For receiving a return of the birth or death of any person on board a ship, and for endorsing the ship's agreement with respect thereto	2 0 0
15. For attesting the execution of a seaman's will	2 0 0
16. For certification of form of claim for wages, etc., of a deceased seaman	1 0 0
17. For examination of provisions or water to be paid by the party who proves to be in default, in addition to costs of survey	13 4 0
18. For every salvage bond made in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act to be paid by the master or owner of the property salvaged	40 0 0
19. For custody of ship's papers, making endorsement thereon and giving the certificate required by the Merchant Shipping Act. (To include the fee for inspection of ship's papers)	3 4 0
20. For noting a marine protest furnishing one certified copy if required	6 12 0
21. For every other copy	3 4 0
22. For filing a request for survey and issuing order of survey	13 4 0
23. For receiving report of survey, filing original in archives (if not exceeding 200 words) and furnishing, if required, one certified copy of request, order and report of survey	26 12 0
24. For ordinary periodical survey of a cargo or passenger vessel:—	
(a) Cargo vessel not exceeding 5,000 net register tons, per net register ton	0 4 0
Ditto exceeding 5000 net register tons, for every 1,000 tons or part thereof above 5,000 tons in addition to the above amount	66 12 0
(b) Passenger vessel not exceeding 5,000 gross register tons, per gross register ton	0 4 0
Ditto exceeding 5,000 gross register tons, per every 1,000 tons or part thereof above 5,000 tons, in addition to above amount	66 12 0
The amount of the fee leviable under (a) or (b) shall not exceed Rs. 1,300.	

Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable

Rs. A. P.

For special survey of a cargo or passenger vessel, the fee chargeable shall be in accordance with the nature and extent of services rendered. The above fees include the granting or renewal of a certificate of seaworthiness or a passenger certificate, but do not include overtime charges or travelling expenses.	
25. For extending marine protest, if not exceeding 200 words, filing original, and furnishing one certified copy, if required. This is to be exclusive of fees for oaths or declarations, or for drawing, if required, the body of protest	26 12 0
26. For any other protest (except bill of exchange) if not exceeding 200 words, filing original, and furnishing one certified copy, if required. This is to be exclusive of fee for drawing, if required, the body of the protest	26 12 0
27. If the protest or report of survey exceeds 200 words, for every additional 100 words, or fraction thereof	3 4 0
28. For attesting average, bottomry or arbitration bond, each copy	6 12 0
29. For preparing a fresh agreement with the crew of an Indian vessel on new Articles of Agreement being opened at a foreign port, and for furnishing the copy which the Merchant Shipping Act requires should be made accessible to the crew:— Rs. 0-11-0 for each man, with minimum of Rs. 10 and maximum of	26 12 0
30. Bill of health	10 0 0
31. Certifying to a foreign bill of health	10 0 0
32. Issue or attestation of certificate of origin or other document in support of consignment of goods; for each separate document and for filing copy	3 4 0
33. For any additional copy, if signed and sealed by the consular officer.	3 4 0
34. Certificate of due landing of goods exported from an Indian port	6 12 0
35. For application addressed to local authorities for arrest or imprisonment of a seaman, if granted pursuant to the request of the master:— for each seaman, if more than one is concerned	5 0 0
36. Ditto, for release of a seaman:— for each man, if more than one is concerned	5 0 0
37. For each certificate granted as to the number of the crew of a vessel, or as to any other matter required by the local authorities for the clearance inwards and outwards of a vessel	6 12 0
38. For drawing up, in form and language required by local authorities, a muster-roll or detailed list, giving the names etc. of each member of the crew of a vessel	3 4 0
39. For affixing consular signature and seal, if required, to a ship's manifest	6 12 0
40. For affixing consular seal or signature to any entry in the official log-book of an Indian vessel if such entry is not required by the Merchant Shipping Act	5 0 0
41. For attesting the execution of a bill of sale of a ship or shares in a ship	6 12 0
42. For any document required from a consular officer by foreign authorities as a preliminary to the engagement of a seaman in a foreign vessel, including official seal and signature	2 0 0
43. For certifying the engagement or discharge of, or the leaving behind of, or for certifying any alteration in the agreement made under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859 with, a lascar seaman by the master of a foreign ship, or for certifying the death of, or the desertion of his ship by any such seaman	2 0 0
44. For certifying the transfer of one or more lascar seamen, with their agreements, from one foreign ship to another foreign ship, per man	4 0 0
N. B.—The fee under this item is inclusive of, and not additional to, the fee under the preceding item, and should be divided equally between the two ships concerned. The maximum fee charged to both ships should not exceed Rs. 100.	
45. For inspecting ship's papers when their production is required to enable a consular officer to perform any specific service on the ship's behalf	3 4 0
N. B.—This fee is not to be charged in addition to fee under Part I for custody of ships' papers, etc., unless the agreement has been withdrawn from the consular office in the interval.	
PART II.—MARRIAGE FEES.	
46. For receiving notice of intended marriage	6 12 0
47. For receiving notice of a caveat	13 4 0
48. For every marriage solemnized by or in the presence of a Marriage Officer and registered by him	13 4 0
49. For certificate by Marriage Officer of Notice having been given and posted up	3 4 0

Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable	Rs.	A.	P.	Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable	Rs.	A.	P.
50. For registration by consular officer of a marriage solemnized in accordance with the local law (in addition to the fee for attendance)	13	4	0	75. Grant of additional endorsement on a passport	1	0	0
PART III.—FEES TO BE TAKEN IN RESPECT OF OTHER SERVICES REQUIRED TO BE RENDERED BY A CONSULAR OFFICER.				76. Making addition to a passport of the names of the holder's wife and/or children a single fee being charged for a number of additions made simultaneously.	1	0	0
51. For granting certificate not otherwise provided for, if not exceeding 100 words exclusive of fee for drawing	6	12	0	77. Renewal of a passport for each year or portion of a year for which the passport is renewed	2	0	0
52. If exceeding 100 words, for every additional 100 words or fraction thereof	3	4	0	78. For issue of an emergency certificate	2	0	0
53. For receiving a declaration claiming exemption from, or refund of, Income Tax on shares &c.	1	12	0	79. Opening the will of an Indian subject not being a seaman, including Consular Signature to minute of proceedings	20	0	0
54. For each Consular signature attached to an exhibit referred to in an affidavit or declaration	1	12	0	80. For the administration and distribution, or for either administration or distribution, of the property situate in the country of the Consular Officer's residence, of an Indian subjects, not being a seaman, dying intestate, or if not intestate, when undertaken in the absence of legally competent representatives of the deceased.	2½	per cent	on gross value.
NOTE.—It is not necessary to affix a separate fee stamp close to each initialling, but stamps for the amount of fee chargeable are to be affixed with those for other services, may be consular signature at the end of the document. Erasure of alternative orders in a form does not count as an alteration.				NOTE 1.—This fee is to be charged whenever the property or the proceeds of the property of a deceased Indian subject are handed to a Consul, in his official capacity, either by the local authorities or by other persons, owing to there being no person legally competent according to the <i>lex loci</i> to claim such proceeds, which are consequently delivered to the Consul for distribution to the absent parties, either direct or through the Government of India.			
56. For each signature to a transfer of shares or stock attested by a Consular officer.	3	4	0	NOTE 2.—The fee should also be charged on a valuation of any portion of the property which a Consular officer may, in the exercise of his discretion, remit home. Trinkets, however, and other articles, including securities, not exceeding the estimated value of Rs. 100/- may be sent home without the charge of any commission; if exceeding that estimated value, and sent home without realization on the spot, the Commission of 2½ percent must be charged on the whole estimated value.			
57. For each signature to a transfer of shares or stock attested by a Consular officer when executed in the presence of one or more witnesses besides the Consular officer.	5	0	0	NOTE 3.—The commission covers the correspondence, signing of receipts, payment of debts, and the ordinary duties incidental to acting as administrator, and to the distribution of the property to the parties legally entitled to it, or to its transmission to the Govt. of India, as the case may be. If, in the administration or distribution of the property of a deceased Indian subject, it is necessary for the Consul to perform any other service for which a special fee is provided by the table, he will charge the fee or fees for such service.			
58. For each execution of a power of attorney attested by a Consular Officer	5	0	0	NOTE 4.—Stamps for the amount of the commission are to be affixed to the account of the estate rendered to the parties interested, or to the Govt. of India, as the case may be.			
NOTE.—When more than four persons execute a power at the same time, a fee of Rs. 20/- only is to be charged.				NOTE 5.—When, in the case of the death of an Indian subject, a Consul is sent for owing to the absence of relatives, and he only makes arrangements for the temporary custody of the property of the deceased pending the arrival of relatives of persons who may be competent to take charge of it, or of instructions from such persons, he will not charge the fee of 2½ percent but should charge, besides the fee for affixing his Consular seal, fees for his attendance at the house of the deceased as proscribed below.			
59. For attesting the execution of a will of any person not being an Indian seaman	6	12	0	NOTE 6.—Any money or articles belonging to estates taken charge of at a subordinate Consular post should be sent to the Superintending Consulate.			
60. For each execution of a deed, bond or conveyance under seal, attested by a Consular officer, where the value of the property in question (1) does not exceed Rs. 150/-	1	12	0	81. For performing functions similar to those specified in the preceding item in respect of the property situate in the country of the Consular officer's residence of a person not being an Indian subject, nor a seaman dying intestate or, if not intestate, in the absence of legally competent representatives of the deceased, when heirs in India are partly or wholly interested in such property	2½	per cent	on gross value
(2) exceeds Rs. 150/-	5	0	0	82. For uniting documents and attaching Consular seal to the fastening	1	4	0
NOTE.—When more than four persons execute an instrument at the same time, the fee must not be more than four times Rs. 1/11 or Rs. 3/- as the case may be.				83. For directing search for, or obtaining from Public Record Office or elsewhere, extracts from local registers, or copies of wills, deeds or other matters, in addition to expenses incurred and any fees for attestation.	5	0	0
61. For attaching Consular signature, and seal if required, to quarterly or monthly declarations for Government pay or pension	0	12	0	84. For affixing Consular signature, and seal if required, to any document not otherwise provided for by this Table	5	0	0
NOTE.—No fee is to be charged for signing pension papers for officers other than those drawing retired pay and non-commissioned officers or men in the army or navy, or in the merchant service, or their widows or orphans and the word "Gratis" should be placed near the Consular signature, nor any for signing declarations by commissioned officer of other armed forces in connection with their wound or disability pensions. The waiving of the fee should not be extended to persons drawing civil pensions, nor to officers drawing retired pay				NOTE.—No charge is to be made for an order or letter sending a seaman to hospital.			
62. For attaching Consular signature to any other declaration of existence	1	12	0	85. For effecting or endeavouring to effect service of a writ :—			
63. Ditto if drawn up by a Consular officer	3	4	0	For one visit to the address of the person to be served.	13	4	0
64. For certificate of a person's identity	5	0	0	For each additional visit required	6	12	0
NOTE.—If the applicant is not personally known to the Consul, he may require satisfactory evidence of identity and refuse to give the certificate unless such evidence is produced, since the onus of proof rests with the applicant.				86. For each Consular seal affixed to a document packet, or article, when no signature is required	1	12	0
65. For attesting the signature of a foreign authority	5	0	0	NOTE.—In cases in which the seal is placed on a document, the stamp is to be affixed to such document; in other cases it should be attached to a receipt to be given to the party paying the fee.			
66. For each signature attested by a consular officer in any document not otherwise provided for	5	0	0				
NOTE.—No fee is to be charged for attesting a signature to any document required for the deposit or withdrawal of money in or from the Post Office Savings Bank or in connection with Savings Bank annuities							
67. For registration of a birth or death (except the death of a seaman)	1	12	0				
68. For any registration not otherwise provided for	1	12	0				
69. For each search in the register books of births, marriages or deaths kept at the Consulate	0	12	0				
NOTE.—This fee for searching registers does not apply to cases where application for a copy is made at the time of registration.							
70. For furnishing a certified copy of an entry in register books of births, marriages or deaths	1	12	0				
71. For certifying to a copy of any document or part of a document if not exceeding 100 words	3	4	0				
72. If exceeding 100 words, for every additional 100 words or fraction thereof	1	4	0				
NOTE.—If the document is in any foreign language double the fees indicated against two foregoing items to be charged. An additional fee is to be charged when the copy is made by the Consular Officer.							
73. Issue of a passport	10	0	0				
74. Grant of a visa for India on a passport—							
(i) entry visa	11	0	0				
(ii) transit visa	1	0	0				
NOTE.—In the case of nationals of certain countries visa fees are prescribed on reciprocal basis. Lists of such countries with fees proscribed in respect of them are circulated to all Indian representatives abroad from time to time							

Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable

Rs. A. P.

Matters in respect of which a fee is leviable

Rs. A. P.

PART IV.—FEES FOR CERTAIN ATTENDANCES BY CONSULAR OFFICERS

As a general rule, a consular officer is to attend out of office only on the application of the parties concerned, or of the local authority, and such attendance is to be at the discretion of the Consul and provided his official duties admit of his absence. In the case of shipwreck, or for the purpose of assisting a ship in distress, the Consul should attend without waiting for any special request, as his presence may conduce to every possible measure being taken for saving life, and on such occasion fees indicated against immediately following two items are not leviable; but his attendance should not be continued for any other purpose unless it is specially requested.

In the event of two Consular officers attending out of office, which should only occur in very special cases, or at the request of the parties, the fee for the attendance of the junior is to be half of the amount fixed by the table as he is to be looked upon as accompanying his senior in the capacity of a clerk. A pro-Consular Officer attending alone is a Consular officer for the purposes of Fees.

Attendance at the Consul's private residence, during the customary business hours of the place, is not to be considered as authorising the charge of this fee.

87. At a shipwreck, or for the purpose of assisting a ship in distress, per diem	40	0	0
88. At a shipwreck, at request of parties interested, to assist or advise as to salvage, per day	60	0	0
89. At request of parties interested, or of local authorities, at the affixing or removing of seals on property of deceased persons, if absent for less than two hours	20	0	0
90. Ditto, ditto, for each additional hour or fraction thereof, Rs. 10 with a maximum per day of	80	0	0
91. At request of parties interested, or of local authorities at a valuation if absent for less than two hours	20	0	0
92. Ditto, ditto, for each additional hour or fraction thereof, Rs. 10 with a maximum per day of	80	0	0
93. At request of parties interested, or of local authorities at a sale if absent for less than two hours	40	0	0
94. Ditto, ditto, for each additional hour or fraction thereof, Rs. 10 with a maximum per day of	80	0	0
95. At request of parties interested, or of local authorities, for the transaction, elsewhere than at the Consular office, of any duty for which a fee is leviable in addition to such fee for each hour, or fraction thereof Rs. 10 with a maximum per day of	80	0	0
96. At the request of parties interested for the transaction of any duty for which a fee is leviable whether at the Consular office or at the Consular officer's residence, in addition to such fee, for each half hour, or fraction thereof, if in the day time, that is to say, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. but not during the customary business hours of the place	3	0	0

NOTE.—This fee is leviable for any attendance on Sundays.

PART V.—FEES TO BE TAKEN IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN OTHER SERVICES WHICH MAY BE RENDERED BY A CONSULAR OFFICER, AT HIS DISCRETION

97. For the transaction of any duty for which a fee is leviable under any of these tables whether at the Consular office or at the Consular officer's residence, in addition to such fee, for each half hour, or fraction thereof in the night time, that is to say, between the hours of 9 p. m. and 6 a. m.	10	0	0
98. For drawing a declaration or other document or the body of a protest, or for taking down in writing verbal declarations or depositions of persons made before a Consular officer, or for reducing into writing agreements made before him by contracting parties, exclusive of fees for attestation etc. if not exceeding 50 words	3	4	0
99. If exceeding that number, for each subsequent 50 words, or fraction thereof	1	4	0
100. For assisting in drawing up petitions, applications, or other documents not specified, each	5	0	0
101. For making or verifying a copy of a document, if not exceeding 100 words, exclusive of fee for certificate	1	12	0
102. If exceeding that number, for every subsequent 100 words or fraction thereof	1	4	0
103. For making or verifying a translation of a document, for every 100 words, or fraction thereof, exclusive of fee for certificate	5	0	0
104. For making or verifying a translation of a document in Japanese, for first 100 characters	33	4	0
105. For making or verifying a translation of a document in Japanese for every subsequent 100 characters, or fraction thereof	10	0	0

NOTE.—The services referred to in this fee and fees 103-104 and 106-110 are not considered as obligatory duties of a Consul; but as in many cases it may be desirable that he should perform them, if competent to do so, provision is made for fees to be charged.

106. <i>Viva voce</i> translating and interpreting—For each 15 minutes, or fraction thereof Rs. 3 with a maximum per hour of	10	0	0
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NOTE 1.—This fee is not to be levied concurrently with fees indicated against the immediately preceding three items.

NOTE 2.—This should not be levied when the interpreting is carried on solely to enable the consul to execute any official duty, e.g., the composing of disputes.

107. For drawing a will, if not exceeding 200 words	20	0	0
108. If exceeding that number, for every subsequent 100 words or fraction thereof	5	0	0
109. For drawing a power-of-attorney, if not exceeding 200 words	10	0	0
110. If exceeding that number, for every subsequent 100 words or fraction thereof	5	0	0
111. In cases where one or more attesting witnesses, besides a Consul officer, are required, for each witness supplied by him at the request of the parties interested	2	0	0

NOTE 1.—As to the immediately following two items of fees the discretionary services for which they are chargeable are not to be undertaken except at the sole risk and responsibility of the parties requesting the same on condition of such parties signing the proper declaration.

NOTE 2.—A Consul is not bound to provide witnesses for persons desirous of signing document before him, but should the Consul, at the request of the parties, supply witnesses, he is to charge the fee for each witness supplied but not for each signature of such witnesses.

112. Attendance elsewhere than at Consular office at the request and on behalf of private persons, for the transaction of business which a Consular officer is permitted, but is not bound, to undertake under the Consular instructions, for each hour, or fraction thereof Rs. 10 with a maximum per day of	80	0	0
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NOTE.—This fee is applicable when the attendance of the Consular officer is sought for the recovery of lost luggage or for similar reasons. It is not to be levied in respect of commercial enquiries.

SCHEDULE II

(See Rule 9)

Form 'A'

QUARTERLY RETURN, i.e., AN ABSTRACT FROM FEE CASH BOOK
Fee Cash Book

Consulate

Vice-Consulate

Consular Agency

at

Date	Name of person or Vessel for which service rendered and nature of service	Fee Rs. A. P.	Daily Total	Currency (and the rate of conversion)
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Form 'B'

QUARTERLY RETURN OF FEES WAIVED

.....Consulate

STATEMENT showing the Services performed at the..... at..... during the Quarter ended.....19...., for which the levy of fees was waived under Rule 4, as a matter of professional or international courtesy, or on the ground of destitution.

Date	Name and Description of Person to whom fee was remitted	Grounds for Remission
------	---	-----------------------

I certify that the above is a true statement of all fees waived since the last Return.

Consulate

Vice-Consulate

Consular Agency.

19

Signature of Consular Officer.

Form 'O'

QUARTERLY RETURN OF FEES AND STAMPS

Statement showing the total amount of all fees levied by means of stamps at the Consulate at..... during the quarter ended

Rs. AS. PS.
Consular Fees
Total

Rs. AS. PS.
Balance of stamps in hand on the day of as per last return.....

Stamps received during the quarter as per requisition dated.....

Deduct value of stamps issued during the quarter to—
Consul at Rs.
Vice Consul at Rs.

Total value of stamps used and fees collected at the Consulate

Balance due to Government of India

I hereby certify that the above is the true return of the stamps in my possession on this day, and also of the value of all stamps issued; and that all fees chargeable for services performed have been duly levied by stamps.

Consulate,
19

Consul.

I. J. BAHADUR SINGH, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF STATES

New Delhi, the 1st November 1949

No. 230-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, 1947 (XLVII of 1947), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), and the Central Excise Rules, 1944, shall apply to Manipur State subject to the following modifications, namely:—

- (1) For the words "The Provinces of India" wherever they occur, the words "Manipur State" shall be substituted;
- (2) Sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 1 of the said Act shall be omitted;
- (3) Sub-rule (2) of Rule 1 of the said Rules shall be omitted;
- (4) After sub-clause (f) of clause (ii) of Rule 2 of the said Rules, the following shall be inserted, namely,

"(g) in the State of Manipur, the Deputy Collector of Central Excise, Shillong."

(5) Rule 234 of the said Rules shall be omitted.

2. The said Act and the said Rules supersede the corresponding State enactments and the rules framed thereunder (by whatever name called) at present in force in the Manipur State:

Provided that—

- (i) all proceedings taken under any of the enactments or the rules made thereunder which were in force in Manipur State and pending on the commencement of this Order shall be continued as if they had been taken under the corresponding provisions of the said Act or the said Rules;
- (ii) all appointments, delegations, notifications and Orders made or issued under, or in pursuance of, any of the said enactments or rules made thereunder are hereby confirmed and shall have effect as if they were made or issued under this Order.

3 Any Court may construe the said Act and the said Rules with such modifications not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper in order to adapt them to the matter before the Court

A. N. SACHDEV, Under Secy

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

New Delhi, the 1st November 1949

No. D. 3299-F. 111/49.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 28th October 1949.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES		Rs.	ASSETS		Rs.
Capital paid up		5,00,00,000	Notes		35,83,45,000
Reserve Fund		5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin		12,06,000
Deposits:—			Subsidiary Coin		1,97,000
(a) Government—			Bills Purchased and Discounted:—		
(1) Central Government		150,68,93,000	(a) Internal		10,18,000
(2) Other Governments		24,91,20,000	(b) External		
(b) Banks		72,24,38,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills		1,72,84,000
(c) Others		60,44,08,000	Balances held abroad*		188,72,96,000
Bills Payable		4,07,64,000	Loans and Advances to Governments		
Other Liabilities		6,87,33,000	Other Loans and Advances		9,31,80,000
			Investments		95,97,23,000
			Other Assets		3,40,53,000
	Rupees	335,23,62,000		Rupees	335,23,62,000

* Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 28th day of October 1949

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	35,83,45,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation	1073,29,44,000		(a) Held in India	40,01,71,000	
Total Notes Issued		1109,12,89,000	(b) Held outside India		
			Foreign Securities	600,34,38,000	
Total Liabilities		1109,12,89,000	Total of A		640,36,09,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		53,49,75,000
			Government of India		
			Rupee Securities		415,27,05,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		
			Total Assets		1109,12,89,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57·735 per cent.

Dated the 3rd day of November 1949.

B. RAMA RAU, Governor.

K. G. AMBEGAOKAR, Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 5th November 1949

No. 110.—It is notified for general information that the Central Government have approved the institutions mentioned below for the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 15B of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922):—

U. P.

325. The Kishori Raman Degree College, Mathura
Bombay

326. The New Engineering College, Sangli.

327. The K. E. M. Hospital and Sardar Moodliar Dispensary, Poona.

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. 111.—It is notified for general information that the Central Government have approved the institution mentioned below for the purpose of sub-section (1) of section 15B of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922):—

Bombay

328. The Kutch Famine Relief Committee, Bombay

PYARE LAL, Dy Secy.

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. 34.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to exempt from so much of the duty leviable thereon as is in excess of Rs. 3 per hundredweight, such quantity of sugar produced by a manufacturer during the year commencing on the 1st October 1949, as is in excess of the quantity of sugar produced by him during the year ending on the 30th September 1949, provided that the excess production is not less than 5 per cent. of the last-mentioned quantity

D. P. ANAND, Dy Secy

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949.

No. 59.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt cigarettes the wholesale cash price whereof less trade discount exceeds Rupees thirty-two per thousand, from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon on being exported from the Provinces of India as is in excess of seven and a half per cent. *ad valorem*.

K. B. P. AYYANGAR, Joint Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 1st November 1949

No. 109.—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue directs that with effect from 1st November 1949 the following further amendment shall be made in the Schedule appended to its Notification No. 32 Income-tax, dated the 9th November 1946, namely:—

In the said Schedule for the Ranges and Income-tax circles specified under the sub-head "VII Central Provinces and Berar" the following Ranges and Income-tax circles shall be substituted, namely:—

Nagpur

1. I.T.-cum-E.P.T. Circle, Nagpur.
2. Income-tax Circle, Nagpur.
3. Salary Circle, Nagpur.
4. Rajmandgaon.
5. Raipur.
6. Wardha

Jubbulpore

1. Jubbulpore
2. Saugor.
3. Chhindwara.
4. Khandwa.
5. Raigarh
6. Bhopal.

Akola

1. Akola.
2. Amraoti.
3. Yeotmal.
4. Khamgaon.

New Delhi, the 5th November 1949

No. 108.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Indian Income-tax Rules, 1922, which the Central Board of Revenue proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 59 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), is published, as required by sub-section (4) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 8th December 1949. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the said Board

Draft Amendments

In the Assessment Form appended to rule 20 of the said Rules.—

(1) In Part I in the heading to the third and the fourth columns after the word, figures and letter "Section 18A" the words, figures and letter "and Section 29B" shall be inserted.

(2) In Part II after item (h) the following items shall be inserted, namely:—

- "(i) Donations to Charitable Institutions and Funds.
(j) Profits or gains derived from newly established industrial undertaking(s)."

(3) 'In' Part III—

(i) after the entry "Additional super-tax payable by a company on Rs....." the entry "Additional income-tax payable by an Indian company in respect of dividends" shall be inserted;

(ii) after the entry "Tax paid in Mysore state, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore or in an administered area" the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

"Rebate of income-tax payable to an Indian Company in respect of undistributed profits of Rs....."

Rebate of super-tax at the rate of..... annas per rupee of the total income."; and

(iii) after the entry "Amount paid under Section 18A" the entry "Amount paid under Section 23B" shall be inserted.

PVARE LAL, Secy.

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. 56.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendments shall be made in its notification No. 27-Customs, dated the 12th July 1930, namely:—

In the schedule appended to the said notification, for the entries in columns 5 and 6 against wharf No. 31 relating to the port of Mangalore, the following entries shall be respectively substituted, namely:—

"Bamboo, timber, kerosene and all combustible goods." and "Landing and shipping of bamboo and timber."

Landing only of combustible goods subject to immediate removal"

No. 57.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendments shall be made in its notification No. 27-Customs, dated the 12th July 1930, namely:—

In the schedule appended to the said notification—

1. The following entries in columns 5 and 6 against wharf No. 1 relating to the port of Tuticorin shall be omitted, namely:—

"Combustibles except petrol and Landing." Kerosene

2. For the entry in column 5 against wharf No. 4 relating to the port of Tuticorin, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"All combustible goods, petroleum in cases, coral, bones and other offensive or dangerous goods."

No. 58.—In pursuance of the powers delegated by the Central Government by the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 5944, dated the 13th December 1924, the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendments shall be made in its Notification No. 13-Customs, dated the 29th March 1949, namely:—

In the said notification:—

(a) the words and figures "with effect from the 1st April 1949" shall be omitted, and

(b) after the words "the Headquarters Assistant to the Collector of Central Excise, Madras" the words "Deputy Superintendents and Inspectors of Central Excise employed for the time being on Central Excise Preventive Intelligence work and attached to the Headquarters office at Madras" shall be inserted.

D. P. ANAND, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. 13(29)-TP(T)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Cotton Textiles (Export Control) Order, 1949, namely:—

In clause 3 of the said Order for the words "cloth or yarn for export", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"cloth or yarn manufactured for export."

U. L. GOSWAMI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 8th November 1949

No. 1(1)-4(32).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (No. XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, namely:—

In the said Order,

(1) After clause 5A, the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

"5B: Power to prohibit removal—The Controller may order any controlled source, scrap merchant or any other person not to remove or permit the removal of any scrap, whether sold or unsold, from his stockyard or from any other part of his premises to any place outside the precincts of such stockyard or premises, except with the written permission of the Controller."

"5C Powers of the Controller—The Controller may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order,

- require any person to give such information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that or any other person.
- inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person;
- enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search, any premises and seize or authorise any person to seize any article in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being or is about to be committed, and any other article in the premises which he has reason to believe has been or is intended to be used in connection with such contravention."

(2) Sub-clause (d) of clause 6 shall be omitted.

No. 1(1)-4(32)A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to authorise every officer in the Directorate of Enforcement, Ministry of Industry and Supply, not below the rank of an Enforcement Officer, to exercise the powers of the Controller under clause 5C of the said Order.

No. 1(1)-4(32)B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to authorise the officers specified in the schedule hereto annexed, to exercise, within their respective Provinces, the powers of the Controller under clause 5-B of the said Order.

SCHEDULE

- The Director of Controlled Commodities, Government of Madras, Madras.
- The Director of Agriculture, Government of Madras, Madras.
- The Provincial Iron and Steel Rationing Officer, Government of Bombay, Bombay.
- The Provincial Iron and Steel Controller, Government of the United Provinces, Kanpur.

5. The Director of Industries, Government of Bihar, Patna
6. The Provincial Steel Officer, Government of C. P., & Berar, Nagpur.
7. The Controller of Supply and Transport, Government of Orissa, Cuttack
8. The Director of Consumer Goods, Government of West Bengal, Calcutta.
9. The Deputy Director of Industries, Government of East Punjab, Simla.
10. The Director of Consumer Goods, Government of Assam, Shillong.
11. The Director of Rationing and Civil Supplies, Delhi.
12. Agricultural Officer, Ajmer-Merwara, Ajmer
13. Deputy Commissioner, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Port Blair.
14. Provincial Iron and Steel Licensing Authority, Kutch, Bhuj.
15. Director of Civil Supplies, Himachal Pradesh, Simla

C. R. NATESAN, Dy Secy

New Delhi, the 8th November 1949

No. I(I)-1(196).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (1) of clause 8 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Iron and Steel Controller, with the approval of the Central Government, is pleased to make the following amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(I)-1(196), dated the 5th February 1949, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 5th February 1949, namely:—

After "Special Directions to Part II," the following shall be added, namely:—

"PART III.—PRICE OF USABLE OR DEFECTIVE OR SCRAP PIPES, TUBES AND FITTINGS

The price of usable or defective or scrap pipes, tubes and fittings shall be 90 per cent. of the price of the appropriate description, nomenclature number and sizes of pipes, tubes and fittings, as fixed in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(I)-1(146), dated the 3rd January 1948, which appeared in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd January 1948, as amended from time to time."

M. K. POWVALA,
Iron and Steel Controller.

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. 17-Tex.I/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, issued under the Government of India, Department of Industries and Supplies, Notification No. 108/1-TA/46, dated the 1st October 1946, shall be cancelled.

K. SEN, Joint Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th November 1949

No. I(4)-30(2)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Drugs (Control) Ordinance, 1949 (No. XXVI of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I-IV/1-Drugs, dated the 3rd October 1949, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said Notification, for the entry "Vitamin—E (E.G. Oil)" under the heading "The Crookes Laboratories Ltd., Bombay", the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—
"Vitamin—E (W.G. Oil)."

ORDER

ORDERED that a copy of the above Notification be communicated to all Provincial Governments and Administrations, all Ministries of the Government of India, Cabinet Secretariat, Prime Minister's Secretariat, the Indian Trade Commissioners, all Indian Embassies, the High Commissioner for India, London, His Majesty's Trade Commissioner in India, all Chambers of Commerce and Associations, the Director of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, the High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, Karachi, the High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, New Delhi, and the Secretary, Indian Tariff Board.

ORDERED also that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

P. S. SUNDARAM, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 4th November 1949

No. F. 16-1/49-PH.II.—The following rules regulating the methods of recruitment to the Central Port Health Organisation, Class I and Class II, are published for general information:—

CENTRAL PORT HEALTH ORGANISATION RECRUITMENT RULES

PART I.—METHODS OF RECRUITMENT

1. These rules may be called the *Central Port Health Organisation Recruitment Rules*.

2. For the purpose of these rules

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India.
- (b) "The Commission" means the Federal Public Service Commission.
- (c) "The Service" means Central Services, Class I and II in the Central Port Health Organisation, Ministry of Health, Government of India
- (d) "The Cadre" means the Central Port Health Cadre.
- (e) "Direct appointment" means appointment otherwise than on the result of a competitive examination or by promotion.

3. Recruitment to the service will be made by the following methods:—

- (i) By promotion in accordance with Part II of these rules.
- (ii) By direct appointment in accordance with Part III of these rules.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Vacancies which are filled otherwise than by promotion shall be filled in accordance with the orders contained in the Ministry of Home Affairs, Resolution No. 16/10/47-Ests.(R), dated the 21st August 1947, and supplementary instructions connected therewith.

6. Posts in the Cadre have been divided into three categories. Posts in category I of the Cadre have been classified as Central Service, Class I and those in category II and category III, as Central Service, Class II.

7. The Central Service, Class I, shall consist of the posts included in Schedule I to these rules. Any other posts which may be sanctioned from time to time in Central Service, Class I, shall be included in the Schedule.

8. The Central Service, Class II, shall consist of the posts included in Schedule II to these rules. Any other posts which may be sanctioned from time to time in Central Service, Class II, shall be included in the Schedule.

9. (a) Appointments to posts in Central Service, Class I (i.e., category I), shall be made normally by promotion as specified in Part II of these rules.

(b) Appointments to posts in Central Service, Class II, shall be made as specified below:—

- (i) Appointments to posts which are included in category II of the Cadre shall, as a rule, be made by promotion of suitable officers from category III possessing Diploma in Public Health as specified in Part II of these rules.

- (ii) Appointments to the remaining posts in Central Service, Class II, not covered by clause (i) above, and which are included in Schedule II, shall be made by direct recruitment as specified in Part III of these rules.

(c) If, however, at any time it is not possible to make appointments to category I and category II by promotion according to (a) and (b) (i) above, due to non-availability of suitable candidates, or for any other reason, appointments shall be made by direct recruitment as specified in Part III of these rules.

PART II.—RECRUITMENT BY PROMOTION

10 Recruitment by promotion from Class II (category II) to Class I, or within Class II (from category III to category II), shall be made by selection from among the officers in the specified category of the Cadre. Selection shall be made by the Departmental Promotion Committee, constituted as specified in rule 11 below, and the officers selected will be appointed by Government. No officer shall have any claim to such promotion as of right.

11. For the purpose of making a selection of officers for appointment by promotion a Departmental Promotion Committee shall be constituted in accordance with the orders contained in the Ministry of Home Affairs, Memorandum No. 33/46-Ests.(R), dated the 17th June 1946, which in the case of promotions to Class I posts, shall consist of:—

- (i) The Director General of Health Services or his representative;
- (ii) Additional Deputy Director General of Health Services (in charge of the administration of the Central Port Health Organisation);
- (iii) A member of the Commission.

In the case of promotions within Class II (from category III to category II), if the Commission are not able to depute a member to sit on the Committee, the Committee will include the Deputy Director General of Health Services in place of such member.

PART III.—RECRUITMENT BY DIRECT APPOINTMENT

12. Recruitment by direct appointment shall be made on the recommendation of the Commission.

13. Every candidate for direct appointment

(i) should be—

- (a) either a national of the Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile, or
- (b) a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State, which has acceded to the Dominion of India, or
- (c) a person of Indian descent or a ruler or a citizen of an Indian State which has not acceded to the Dominion of India, or a citizen of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India, in whose favour a declaration of eligibility has been issued by the Government.

NOTES.—Persons who were domiciled in Pakistan areas but who have migrated to India by the 30th September 1948, with the intention of permanently settling down in India, will be treated as nationals of India;

(ii) should not ordinarily be more than 35 years of age (38 years in the case of Scheduled Caste candidates) on the first day of January in the year in which selection is held (the age limit may be relaxed in the case of persons in permanent Government service and also other suitable candidates);

(iii) must be a Graduate in Medicine and Surgery or possess an equivalent qualification recognised by the Medical Council of India; Candidates for category I and category II posts must also possess a Diploma in Public Health;

(iv) must satisfy the Commission that his/her character and antecedents are such as to make him/her suitable for appointment to the service.

14. The decision of the Commission on the question whether a candidate does or does not satisfy any of the requirements of rule 13 shall be final.

15. Except in a case falling under clause (iii) of rule 13, Government may modify or waive any of the requirements of that rule when it is not practicable to obtain a suitable candidate who fulfils all the requirements of the said rule.

16. A candidate for direct appointment must be mentally and physically fit and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his/her duties. A candidate who (after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed.

17. When a direct appointment is to be made on the recommendation of the Commission, every candidate must, at the time of application, pay such fee as the Government after consulting the Commission may from time to time prescribe and must submit such proofs of his/her qualifications as the Commission may require.

18. (a) Direct appointments will be made on probation for a period of one year, which may be curtailed or extended at the discretion of the appointing authority.

(b) If in the opinion of Government an officer on probation is guilty of a specific fault or is not suitable for the service for which he/she is recruited Government may discharge him/her after giving him/her an opportunity to show cause against his/her discharge.

(c) On the conclusion of his/her period of probation, Government may either confirm the officer in his/her appointment or if his/her work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may subject to the provisions of clause (b) either discharge him/her or extend his/her period of probation for such further period as Government may deem fit.

(d) If no action is taken by Government under sub-clauses (b) and (c) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(e) If the power to make appointments is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

19. Selected candidates shall be required to serve at any sea or air port in India.

20. Officers appointed to the service will be debarred from private practice.

SCHEDULE I (Central Service, Class I), Category I—

- (i) Port Health Officer, Calcutta.
- (ii) Port Health Officer, Bombay.

SCHEDULE II (Central Service, Class II), Category II—

(i) Deputy Port Health Officers at Calcutta and Bombay.

(ii) Port Health Officers at Vizagapatnam, Madras and Cochin.

(iii) Airport Health Officers at the Calcutta Airport (Dum Dum) and the Bombay Airport (Santa Cruz).

Category III—

(i) Assistant Port Health Officers at Bombay and Calcutta.

(ii) Assistant Airport Health Officers at the Calcutta Airport, Bombay Airport and Madras Airport.

OTHER CLASS II posts not included in the Cadre—

(i) Medical Inspectress at Calcutta.

(ii) Lady doctor at Bombay.

(iii) Medical Officer for Seamen's Clinic, Bombay.

(iv) Medical Officer for Seamen's Clinic, Hastings, Calcutta.

P. S. DORASWAMI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD

New Delhi, the 5th November 1949

No. OG 604(31)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), as applied to Bilaspur Province by notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of States, No. 159-J, dated the 29th June 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the power to make Orders conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 8 of the said Act to provide for the matters specified in sub-section (2) thereof shall, in relation to foodstuffs, including gram, sugar and gur, but excluding other pulses, edible oils and edible oilseeds, be exercisable also by the Chief Commissioner, Bilaspur:

Provided that—

- (a) before making any order relating to any matter specified in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g) of the said sub-section (2), the Chief Commissioner shall obtain the concurrence of the Central Government;
- (b) no order made in the exercise of the aforesaid powers shall have effect so as to prohibit or restrict the export, from any place in Bilaspur Province to any place outside India, of any articles or things

S. K. DATTA, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

New Delhi, the 31st October 1949

No. 14(33)Ous./49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 49 of the Administration of Evacuee Property Ordinance, 1949 (No XXVII of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to exempt Hajj deposits from the operation of all the provisions of the said Ordinance.

PARSHOTAM SARUP, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, the 7th November 1949

No. E49HL1-4.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to direct that with effect from the 1st December 1949, the following further amendments shall be made in the Rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 222 P&L/33(VI), dated the 30th September 1933, namely:—

In rule 4 of the said rules

- (1) In clause (vi), for the words "the Madras Chamber of Commerce" the words "Vizagapatam Port Local Advisory Committee" shall be substituted
- (2) The Note to clause (vi) shall be numbered as Note 2 and before the Note as so numbered the following Note shall be inserted, namely:—

"Note 1—If any of the holidays so declared do not actually fall on the dates specified the date on which the particular holiday is locally observed may be substituted in lieu thereof."

S. S. RAMASUBBAN, Secy

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

New Delhi, the 4th November 1949

No. 103-E(5)/49.—In pursuance of section 3 of the Railways (Transport of Goods) Act, 1947 (XII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport, No. 103-E(5)/49, dated the 28th March 1949, namely:—

In the said notification, for the words "Deputy Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay" the words "Traffic Superintendent, Bursi Light Railway, Kurduwadi" shall be substituted.

A K MUKHERJEE, Dy Secy

RESOLUTION

New Delhi, the 4th November 1949

No. 14-P(48)/49.—In their Resolution, Ministry of Transport, No. 19-P(118)/48, dated the 7th September 1948, the Government of India decided to develop Kandla as a Major Port in accordance with the recommendations of the West Coast Major Port Development Committee. For co-ordinating the various activities in connection with the development of Kandla as a Major Port, the Government of India have already appointed a high-powered officer as the Development Commissioner, Kandla. The Government of India are now pleased to appoint an Advisory Committee constituted as detailed below, generally to advise the Government and guide the Development Commissioner, Kandla, on the various development plans so as to ensure ordered and expeditious progress according to an approved scheme of priorities:—

- (1) Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai—Chairman.
- (2) Mr. C. H. Bhabha
- (3) Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji.
- (4) Mr. Pratap Daldas.
- (5) The Chief Commissioner, Kutch or his representative.
- (6) The Development Commissioner, Kandla (*ex-officio*).

The Chief Engineer or Resident Engineer, Kandla Port will act as Secretary to the Committee.

2 The Chairman is authorised to co-opt one or two members with special knowledge on particular matters pertaining to Kandla if and when necessary.

3. The Committee may meet as often as necessary and at least once in 2 months.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be published in the Gazette of India.

Y. N. SUKTHANKAR, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

New Delhi, the 31st October 1949

No. PHA-20-40/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1932, namely:—

In the said Rules:—

(a) Throughout the Rules, for the words "British India" wherever they occur, the words "the Provinces of India" shall be substituted.

(b) For the rule "Short title and extent" the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"Short title and extent.—These Rules may be called the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1932. They extend to the Provinces of India and shall also with effect from the first day of January 1950 extend to the following territories:—

- (1) Baroda,
- (2) Kolhapur
- (3) Bhopal,
- (4) Rampur,
- (5) Tehri (Garhwal),

and references in these Rules to the Provinces of India shall with effect from that date be deemed to include references to the aforesaid territories."

V. K. R. MENON, Secy.

New Delhi, the 4th November 1949

No. 11-A/1-49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934 (XXII of 1934), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian

Aircraft Rules, 1937, the same having been published as required by section 14 of the said Act, namely:—

In the said rules—

(a) In rule 135—

(i) In sub-rule (1), after the word "Board", the following shall be added, namely:—

"save as provided in sub-rule (2) of rule 145,";

(ii) for sub-rule (2) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) The Board shall consist of a Chairman and not less than two, and not more than four, other Members, all of whom shall be appointed by the Central Government. The Director General shall be one such Member and the Chairman and the other Member or Members shall be persons with high judicial, legal or administrative experience."

(iii) in sub-rule (5), for the words "such one of the other Members of the Board as may be nominated in this behalf by the Chairman", the words "the Director-General" shall be substituted.

(b) In rule 135A—

(i) in sub-rule (1), the following shall be added, namely:—

"The Secretary and all such other officers shall be under the administrative control of the Director-General and form part of his establishment";

(ii) sub-rule (2) shall be omitted.

(c) Rule 135AA shall be omitted

(d) In rule 137—

(i) for sub-rule (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Applications for a licence other than a temporary licence to operate an air transport service shall be made to the Director-General not less than one month before the date on which it is desired to commence the service unless the Board has appointed a last date for the receipt of applications in which case the applications shall be made on or before that date or such later date as may be fixed by the Board."

(ii) in sub-rule (3) for the word "ten" the word, "three" shall be substituted.

(e) In rule 138 for the figures "30", the figures "15" shall be substituted.

(f) In rule 139—

(i) in sub-rule (1), for the figures "15", the figures "10" shall be substituted,

(ii) in sub-rule (2) for the words "The Director-General", the words "The Civil Aviation Directorate" shall be substituted.

(g) After rule 139 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"139-A. *Grant of Licence.*—(1) The Board shall hear and dispose of an application for a licence and any representation made in respect thereof as speedily as possible; may hear and dispose of jointly all applications relating to the same route or area, may allow any amendments of applications or representations as it may deem fit, summarily reject any representation or, for reasons to be recorded, dispense with the publication of an application under rule 138.

(2) The Board may, if it so thinks fit, grant a licence to an applicant as soon as it is satisfied in regard to the conditions specified in clauses (1), (2) and (8) of rule 140 and specify a date within which the applicant shall satisfy the Director-General in regard to fulfilment of such conditions as the Board may specify with reference to clauses (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of rule 140; and the licence shall take effect immediately after such date if the Director General on or before that date, certifies to the Board that he is satisfied as aforesaid, or else shall be deemed to have been cancelled:

Provided that the Board may extend such date if the applicant shows good cause for doing so."

(h) In rule 141, for clause (4), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4) The observance of a schedule of air services approved from time to time by the Board:

Provided that the Director General may authorise a change in the frequency of a service for a period not exceeding thirty days."

(i) For rule 143 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"A licence, other than one granted under rule 145, 146 or 147 shall, subject to the provisions of rule 148, be valid for such period not exceeding ten years as may be fixed by the Board at the time it is granted."

(j) After rule 144 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"145. *Grant of temporary licence.*—(1) The Board may grant for a period not exceeding sixty days, and in accordance with such procedure and for such reasons and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, a temporary licence to operate a scheduled air transport service with aircraft registered in India

(2) The Central Government also may exercise the powers specified in sub-rule (1) and further may extend the temporary licence from time to time upto a total period not exceeding six months and amend, suspend or revoke any licence granted under this sub-rule and review any order made thereunder, for such reasons in any such case, as it shall think fit."

(k) Rule 145 shall be omitted.

(l) After rule 147 the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"147-A. *Amendment of terms of licence.*—(1) The Board, so far as appears to it to be necessary for securing the more effective development of air transport or otherwise in the public interest, may at any time amend the terms of a licence other than a licence granted under sub-rule (2) of rule 145 after giving the holder a reasonable opportunity of representing his views.

(2) The Board may, on the application of the holder of a licence other than a licence granted under sub-rule (2) of rule 145 made in the manner prescribed in rule 137, make such amendment in the licence as appears to the Board to be unobjectionable."

(m) In rule 148—

(i) for sub-rule (1) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) The Board may revoke a licence other than a licence issued under sub-rule (2) of rule 145, or suspend the licence for such period as it thinks fit, if it is satisfied—

- that any of the conditions of the licence has not been complied with and that the failure is due to any wilful act or default on the part of the holder of the licence, or has been so frequent, or is due to such negligence on his part, that the licence should, in the public interest, be revoked or suspended, as the case may be; or
- that the holder of the licence has failed to establish a safe, efficient and reliable service; or
- that having regard to the financial resources of the holder of the licence or the losses incurred by him, he cannot be relied upon to continue the operation of the service in a safe, efficient and reliable manner; or
- that such substantial changes have taken place in regard to the matters specified in clauses (1) to (8) of rule 140 as to render it necessary or expedient in the public interest or in the interest of safety to suspend or revoke the licence; or
- that the licence was obtained by fraud."

(ii) in sub-rule (2) for the word "thirty" the figures "15" shall be substituted.

(n) In rule 150, in the proviso, after the words "is disposed of", the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or unless the Board has directed otherwise in the interest of public convenience."

(o) In rule 151, in the proviso, after the words "Provided, however, that if the holder of a licence", the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"other than a temporary or a provisional licence."

(p) In rule 153, for the words "determined from time to time by the Board", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"agreed between the licence holder and the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs and, in the event of disagreement between them, as may be determined by the Board upon a reference made to it by either of them."

P. K. ROY, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER

New Delhi, the 3rd November 1949

No. MII-155(24)-2.—*Corrigendum.*—In Schedule III to the Mineral Concession Rules, 1949, published with notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Mines and Power, No. MII-155(24)-2 dated the 18th October 1949 on page 2089 of the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 19th October 1949, for item, 6, read the following, namely:—

"6. All other minerals.....5—10"

B. B. PAYMASTER, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 3rd October 1949

No. LW. 2(7)49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXXI of 1947), read with rule 6 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Rules, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Lt.-Col K. S. Fitch as a member of the Coal Mines Labour Housing Board constituted by the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour Notification No. LW.-26(28)47, dated the 9th February 1948 *vice* Mr. I. U. Alexander.

New Delhi, the 31st October 1949

No. LW.4(26)/49-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXIXII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. Ram Suchit Misra as the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Commissioner *vice* Mr. S. C. Aggarwal.

No. LW.4(26)/49-II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1946 (XXII of 1946), read with clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 3 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund (Bihar and Madras) Rules, 1948, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LW.4(52)/48-I, dated the 10th June 1949, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. Ram Suchit Misra, Coal Mines Welfare Commissioner, Dhanbad, as the Welfare Commissioner under the said Rules.

No. LW.4(26)/49-III.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1946 (XXII of 1946), read with sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 3 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund (Bihar and Madras) Rules, 1948, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. Ram Suchit Misra as Chairman of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee for Bihar constituted under the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LMW-5(8)/46-II, dated the 8th/9th January 1948 *vice* Mr. S. C. Aggarwal.

New Delhi, the 3rd November 1949

No. LW.2(12)48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act 1947 (XXXII of 1947) read with clause (a) of sub-rule (1)

of rule 3 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Rules, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. R. L. Malviya, Member Constituent Assembly, as a member of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee constituted by the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour Notification No. LW 3(1)47, dated the 24th May 1949 *vice* Mr. Chappal Bhattacharya.

No. LW.22(1)/49.—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 3 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1946 (XXII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to publish the following report of the activities financed from the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund, together with an estimate of receipts and expenditure of the Fund and a statement of accounts for the year ending 31st March 1949.—

REPORT

PART I.—ACTIVITIES IN BIHAR

The Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee for Bihar met four times during the year and considered various matters connected with the welfare of mica miners in that Province. Progress made in respect of each scheme is briefly indicated below:—

Medical relief.—An agreement was executed with the existing hospital at Korumma for the reservation of ten beds for the use of mica miners on payment of a sum of Rs. 15,000 per annum. Under this arrangement, 108 patients were received in the hospital during the year. Dispensaries were opened at Dhab and Dhorakola in buildings obtained as a temporary measure. The dispensary at Dhab was opened on the 21st October 1948 and the one at Dhorakola on the 24th December 1948. About 300 patients were treated every month in the dispensary at Dhab and about 200 in the dispensary at Dhorakola. A sum of about Rs. 40,000 has been included in the budget for 1949-50 for the running of these two dispensaries. Suitable sites for the construction of permanent dispensaries were selected at Dhab, Dhorakola and Isri. The question of opening a dispensary at Gaupatbagi in the Gawan Zone was also under consideration for which an expenditure of about Rs. 9,000 is proposed to be sanctioned during 1949-50. A site was selected at Karma for setting up a Central Hospital, a Child Welfare clinic and also the office buildings of the Fund and arrangements for acquisition of land, etc., were completed. A sum of Rs. 1,00,000 has been included in the budget for 1949-50 for acquiring the land. Negotiations were made for the purchase of two mobile medical units for giving medical relief to the miners at their place of work. A sum of over Rs. 25,000 has been sanctioned for the purchase of two vans for the purpose. A preliminary survey was conducted regarding the introduction of anti-malaria measures in the mica fields.

Provision of Drinking water.—With a view to augmenting existing water supply, it was decided to sink four wells, one each at Dhorakola, Saphi, Dabour and Khalaktambi. The cost was estimated to be about Rs. 48,000. Work was actually started at Dhorakola and Saphi.

Provision stores.—For supplying consumer goods at comparatively cheaper prices to mica miners at their place of work and thereby encouraging them to improve their standard of living, a mobile shop was introduced in the mica fields. The cost of the van was about Rs. 16,000 and the capital cost for purchase of consumer goods Rs. 25,000. The shop visited 221 mines and sold consumer goods such as aluminium and brass utensils, shirts, blankets, umbrellas, torches, cells, etc., worth over Rs. 9,000. Vegetable seeds were distributed free of cost among a large number of miners in order to encourage them to grow vegetables at their dwellings and to improve the nutritive value of their diet.

Recreational facilities.—It was decided to run a mobile cinema in the mica fields and a van was purchased for the purpose at a cost of about Rs. 80,000.

PART II.—WELFARE ACTIVITIES IN MADRAS PROVINCE

The Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee for Madras met 11 times during the year and considered various matters connected with the welfare of mica

miners in that Province. Progress made in respect of each scheme is indicated below. All the institutions mentioned below were being run either in rented buildings or in premises placed at the disposal of the Fund by donors, free of rent. The question of constructing Funds' own buildings was under consideration.

Medical Relief.—Hospitals were opened in January 1949 at Syadapuram and Kalichedu. The total expenditure during the year was over Rs. 8,000. Expenditure during 1949-50 is expected to be Rs. 24,000 non-recurring and Rs. 19,000 recurring. About 120 patients per day attended the former and about 50 attended the latter. A dispensary was opened at Gudur where the average daily attendance of patients was about 150. Provision has been made for a recurring expenditure of Rs. 10,000 and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 11,000 during 1949-50 on account of this dispensary. In order that it may be of greater benefit to the mica miners, it has been decided to shift the dispensary from Gudur to the actual mining areas. Three maternity centres were also started in January 1949 at Syadapuram, Utukur and Talupur. The expenditure incurred during the year was about Rs. 1,000. An expenditure of about Rs. 25,000 recurring and Rs. 13,000 non-recurring is expected to be incurred on these maternity centres during 1949-50. About ten confinement cases were conducted in each centre every month. The children of mica miners were given free bath at the centres. The midwives appointed by the Fund went round the mines and visited expectant mothers every day. An ambulance van was placed in the mica fields for transporting victims of mine accidents to the hospitals. Quinine was distributed free to malarial patients in the mining area.

Provision of drinking water.—Three sites were selected for sinking wells and steps were taken to get the sites delineated. An expenditure of Rs. 15,000 has been provided for in the budget for 1949-50 for the sinking of these wells. A scheme for augmenting the existing water supplies at Gudur was also under consideration.

Provision of stores.—A scheme for the opening of a provision store for the supply of foodgrains and other provisions to the mica miners at controlled prices was under consideration.

A non-recurring expenditure of about Rs. 5,000 and a recurring expenditure of about Rs. 1,000 has been provided for this purpose in the budget for 1949-50.

Recreation.—Two radio sets were installed at Gudur and Talupur at a cost of Rs. 2,000. Three more sets are pro-

posed to be installed and a sum of Rs. 3,000 has been provided for the purpose in the budget for 1949-50. Regular games were organised and matches in "Chedugudu" conducted at Talupur and Utukur. A sum of Rs. 400 was spent during the year on games. A sum of Rs. 1,500 is expected to be spent during 1949-50. The ambulance van was fitted with microphone and gramophone equipments and used for giving music to the miners, when it was not used on ambulance work.

Educational facilities.—Two elementary schools were started in January 1949 at Kalichedu and Talupur. The average number of students on the rolls of these schools were 92 and 133 respectively. Expenditure on these schools during the year under report was about Rs. 2,000. Expenditure during 1949-50 is expected to be Rs. 23,000 recurring and Rs. 21,000 non-recurring. A night school for adults was opened in Gudur and the number of students on the rolls there was 101.

Statement of Accounts, 1948-49

	Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts—			
Opening balance as on the 1st April 1948	17,96,017	11	6
Money received during 1948-49 under section 2 of the Act	11,79,791	2	0
Total	29,75,708	13	6
Expenditure—			
In Bihar	1,01,640	14	9
In Madras	14,722	12	11
Total	1,16,363	11	8
Closing balance as on the 31st March 1949	28,59,345	1	10

Estimates of receipts and Expenditure, 1949-50

	Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts			
	15,00,000	0	0
Expenditure—			
In Bihar	3,14,800	0	0
In Madras	2,89,500	0	0
Total	6,04,300	0	0

P. N. SHARMA, Under Secy